

Course title: Macroeconomic Theory II – L1

Course code: ECON 3143

Provided by: Department of Economics

No. of credits: 3

Course Format

Lectures	Instructor	Zhesheng QIU (zheshqiu@ust.hk)
	Time and venue	13:30-14:50 Mon, 09:00-10:20 Fri, at 6591 (Lifts 30)
	Office hour	15:00-17:00 Mon at 6083 LSK
Tutorials	Teaching assistant	Emily CHEN (eckuan@ust.hk)
	Time and venue	09:30-10:20 Mon (from week 3) at 6555 (Lifts 30)
	Office hour	16:00-17:00 Mon at 6066 LSK

Required Learning Materials

- Garin, Julio, Robert Lester, and Eric Sims (2021). *Intermediate Macroeconomics* (here after, GLS): juliogarin.com/files/textbook/GLS_Intermediate_Macro.pdf
- [New-Keynesian economics: An AS–AD view - ScienceDirect](#)
- Use the lecture notes as your main reference for assignments and preparation of exams. Detailed explanation of the lecture notes will be provided in class.
- The part of materials in the textbook unrelated to the lecture notes are not required. The materials not in the textbook but have been discussed in class are required.

Pre-requisites

This course is for BSc degrees in Economics (including ECOF and MAEC students). It is also available to other students as permitted by the regulations. Therefore,

1. Students are expected to have completed Econ 3123 or an equivalent intermediate macroeconomic course.
2. According to a curriculum change effective since Fall 2021, Microeconomic Theory I (ECON 3113) is a prerequisite for taking ECON 3123 and 3143. Please refer to the following website for the suggested study pathway:
[Study Pathway | HKUST Department of Economics](#)

AASCSB Assurance of Learning

- **Learning Goal 1:** Graduates will be critical and creative thinkers who make effective decisions supported by appropriate analytical techniques.
- **Learning Objectives:**
 - **Objective 1.1:** Analyze and solve problems using appropriate analytical techniques.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Demonstrate proficiency in using IT applications in business and management.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Locate, gather, organize and evaluate information using appropriate information technology and systems.

Program Intended Learning Outcomes (PILOs) for ECOF

- See the following link for PILOs:
[The Curriculum | HKUST Department of Economics](#)

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) and Mapped PILOs:

Upon successful completion of this course, you should be able to:

1. Have a general knowledge of macroeconomics. Describe the main questions in macroeconomics and the main components of standard Macroeconomic theories. Understand the determinants of economic growth and drivers of business cycles, as well as the role of economic policies in promoting long run growth and stabilizing short run fluctuations. (PILO # 1 #3 #4)
2. Apply the macroeconomic concepts, principles, and models to analyze economic phenomena, conduct economic analysis of the economy and society, and carry out independently applied research in macroeconomic problems. (PILO #3, #4)
3. Analyze qualitatively and quantitatively basic macroeconomic problems, apply your knowledge to practical situations and make sound economic decisions, and adapt to changes in business and social environments and professional requirements. (PILO # 1 #3 #4)
4. Communicate effectively in oral and written English. (PILO # 2)
5. Locate, gather, organize and use appropriate information for macroeconomic studies. (PILO # 1)
6. Demonstrate an understanding of the determinants of long run growth and economic fluctuations and their application to policy analysis and evaluation. Apply macroeconomics model to analyze macroeconomic issues and effects of conventional and unconventional monetary policies, fiscal stimulus, and current account imbalance. (PILO # 1 #3 #4)

Course Description:

In Macroeconomics I (Econ 3123), we have studied economies in the short and medium run. Specifically, we use the IS-LM model and the IS-LM-PC model to study how the output, the price level, and the employment are determined in the short-run and medium-run. We also examine the impact of various policies on the economy in the short run and in the medium run. In the short run, business cycles (fluctuations around the trend of growth) are important. In the medium run, we need to take the labor market into consideration. The IS-LM-PC framework provides a basic framework for economics and policy analysis. Then two extensions to the basic framework are analyzed. First, uncertainty and expectations into consideration. Expectations play a major role in most economic decisions, and by implication, play a major role in the determination of output. Second, the study is extended from closed economy to open economy models, and how openness in goods and financial market affect the output, price and exchange rate determination are explored.

Now you have some integrated view of macroeconomics, in this course we will have a formal examination of macroeconomic theory, which provides the foundations for macroeconomic analysis and the design of macroeconomic policies. The course aims to make students familiar with formal analytical tools in macroeconomics, particularly the dynamic general equilibrium approach. During the coursework, we apply these frameworks to explore quantitatively and empirically a broad set of economic questions regarding economic growth, real business cycles, current account dynamics, and fiscal and monetary policies.

After studying this course, students will have a general knowledge about the main questions (growth and fluctuations) in macroeconomics and understand the analytical tools and methods used in modern macroeconomic theory, which will help students to analyze the current macroeconomic events and policies and their impact on the business environment and the economy. It will also provide a bridge between UG-level macroeconomics and Master/PhD level macroeconomics and lay solid foundation for students who are interested in pursuing graduate studies in economics.

We will start with the economic growth, which determines the living standard in the long run. We will first explore the facts of growth, and then investigate the determinants of long-term economic growth, such as the role of capital formation and technological progress (Solow Model). Then we use the basic Solow model to study the large differences in standards of living across countries. We will find that to understand the observed facts, endogenous saving decisions should be considered, which provides a nice bridge to the following part of the course-the micro-foundation of macroeconomic models.

A major achievement in economics over the last forty years has been to incorporate these microeconomic fundamentals into models designed to answer macroeconomic questions. We will first introduce some basic tools, including the general equilibrium and simple 2-period dynamic models where consumers, workers and firms optimize. Then we will use this framework to analyze macroeconomic fluctuations (real business cycle theory) and the drivers of business cycles. We will also explore whether or not predictions from the neoclassical model can produce business cycles observe in the data.

A treatment of the microeconomic foundations consumption and investment prepares the ground for a detailed analysis of macroeconomic policies. We will then go back to policy analysis, and use the micro-founded IS-LM-AD-AS framework to analyze yield curve, zero lower bound, fiscal stimulus and unconventional monetary policy that have been used by policy makers in the recent 2008 financial crisis.

Finally, we can use the dynamic general equilibrium approach to study some important questions in the real world, including the relationship between yield curve, macroeconomy and the monetary policy, and the policy response to financial crisis.

Course Objective:

- to give formal examination of main macroeconomic questions by introducing the dynamic general equilibrium model and the microfoundation of macroeconomic analysis.
- to help students to develop the necessary analytical concepts and tools to analyze the current macroeconomic events and its impact on the business environment and the economy; and help students to lay solid foundation for graduate studies in economics.
- to enable students to understand and evaluate the effects of various government policies on the business environment and the economy;
- to encourage students to think critically and creatively when making effective economic decisions and policy suggestions supported by macroeconomic theories and analytical and quantitative techniques.

Tentative Schedule

Date	Plan
Sep 01 (Mon) & Sep 05 (Fri) Sep 08 (Mon) & Sep 12 (Fri) Sep 15 (Mon) & Sep 19 (Fri)	The Long Run The basic Solow model The augmented Solow model Cross-country income differences
Sep 22 (Mon) & Sep 26 (Fri) Sep 29 (Mon) & Oct 03 (Fri) Oct 06 (Mon) & Oct 10 (Fri) Oct 13 (Mon) Oct 17 (Fri)	The Microfoundations Individual optimization General equilibrium in endowment economy General equilibrium in production economy Review for midterm exam Midterm exam
Oct 20 (Mon) & Oct 24 (Fri) Oct 27 (Mon) & Oct 30 (Fri)	The Medium Run Shocks to RBC models Mapping model to data
	The Short Run
Nov 03 (Mon) & Nov 07 (Fri) Nov 10 (Mon) & Nov 14 (Fri) Nov 17 (Mon) & Nov 21 (Fri)	Microfoundations for AD-AS Shocks to NK models Monetary policy
Nov 24 (Mon) & Nov 28 (Fri)	Review for final
Dec xx (Mon)	Final exam

Assessment Rule

- **Overall score** = 25% problem set + 25% midterm + 50% final (5% participation bonus)
- **Participation:** Occasional IPRS questions answering (3-5 times during the semester).
- **Problem sets:** Submit answers in canvas by the due date. **No late submission** is accepted.
- **Midterm exams:** The midterm exam is closed book. **No makeup** midterm exam.
- **Final exam:** The final exam is closed book and accumulative. No make-up examinations will be administered except under very unusual circumstances. If something prevents you from attending an exam on time, you should notify me, and we can make alternative arrangements **BEFORE** the exam. Note that outside activities or more than one exam in a day are not acceptable excuses for missing an exam or turning in an assignment late. (Please plan accordingly!) If I am not contacted in advance, where possible, I will reserve the right to assign a failing grade for the exam missed.
- **Overall grade:** The final grade is based on absolute performance. There is no grading on the curve.

Mapping of Course ILOs to Assessment Tasks

Assessed Task	Mapped ILOs	Explanation
Problem sets	ILO1, ILO2, ILO3, ILO4	The assignments assess students' ability to explain and apply macroeconomics concepts (ILO 1), evaluate their implications and critically analyze their role in society (ILO 2), locate, gather, organize and use data for macroeconomic studies (ILO 3), and synthesize a well-argued solution (ILO 4).
Midterm and Final Exams	ILO1, ILO2, ILO3, ILO4	The exams assess students' understanding and reflection of knowledge learned in this course (ILO 1), ability to use the knowledge covered in the course to analyze macroeconomic questions (ILO4) and address economic problems (ILO3), and the ability to communicate in written English (ILO2).
Class and tutorial Participation	ILO1, ILO2, ILO3, ILO4	The class participation assesses students' understanding and reflection of knowledge learned in this course (ILO 1), students' ability to critically evaluate macroeconomic policies (ILO 4) and analyze economic problems (ILO 3), as well as communicate effectively in oral English (ILO2).

Final Grade Descriptors

Grade	Short Description	Elaboration
A	Excellent Performance	Students demonstrate a strong grasp of course materials, effectively utilize tools discussed, excel in problem sets, and perform exceptionally on exams. They exhibit exceptional analytical skills, critical thinking, and effective participation in class discussions.

B	Good Performance	Students exhibit a solid understanding of course materials, proficient use of tools, and competent completion of problem sets. They show commendable analytical skills, effective critical thinking, and participation in class discussions.
C	Satisfactory Performance	Students demonstrate an adequate understanding of course materials, satisfactory use of tools, and completion of problem sets. They display acceptable analytical skills and participation in class discussions.
D	Marginal Pass	Students show limited understanding of course materials, inconsistent use of tools, and incomplete performance in problem sets. Their participation in class discussions is minimal.
F	Fail	Students display a lack of understanding of course materials, inadequate use of tools, and unsuccessful completion of problem sets. They show little to no participation in class discussions.

Academic Integrity

Students are expected to adhere to the university's academic integrity policy. Students are expected to uphold HKUST's Academic Honor Code and to maintain the highest standards of academic integrity. The University has zero tolerance of academic misconduct. Please refer to [Academic Integrity | HKUST – Academic Registry](#) for the University's definition of plagiarism and ways to avoid cheating and plagiarism.

Regrading Policy

If you believe that there is an error in the grading, you can file a formal, typed regrading request to your TA. The request should list the question you want to be regraded and an explanation of why. The request should be emailed to your TA within 7 days after the exam is returned. The TA reserves the right to regrade the entire exam. Scores may increase or decrease as a result.

Communication and Feedback

- **Email policy:** Please add [Econ 3143] in the title line of your email. It may take up to 2 or 3 days to respond in busy times like exam periods. You may resend the email if there happens to be no response after 48 hours. Questions asked right before the due dates of problem sets and exams may not be answered.
- **Office hour:** You are encouraged to utilize the office hour of both the instructor and the TA. Meetings outside of the office hour via appointment are possible if necessary.
- **Course feedback:** Early course feedback is appreciated. It could be sent to the mailbox of the instructor or from under the door of the instructor's office anonymously.